

Housing Laws in the News

Following are links to a sampling of recent news coverage documenting the risks and challenges faced by cities and counties in the new housing arena:

State can sue:

- In the face of unprecedented housing crisis, California takes action to hold cities accountable for standing in the way of housing <https://www.gov.ca.gov/2019/01/25/housing-accountability/>
- Huntington Beach loses housing case with state of California <https://web.archive.org/web/20210203030515/https://www.latimes.com/socal/daily-pilot/news/story/2021-02-02/huntington-beach-loses-housing-case-with-state-of-california>
- State may revoke Encinitas's compliance status with California housing law <https://www.sandiegouniontribune.com/communities/north-county/encinitas/story/2020-02-14/state-revokes-encinitas-compliance-status-with-california-housing-law>
- Under pressure from state, Simi reverses opposition to proposed 278-unit apartment complex <https://www.vcstar.com/story/news/local/communities/simi-valley/2020/02/08/apartments-low-income-housing-simi-valley-california/4679587002/>

Developers can sue:

- Holland & Knight First in California to Win Lawsuit Under New State Housing Law <https://www.hklaw.com/en/news/pressreleases/2020/05/holland-knight-first-in-california-to-win-lawsuit-new-housing-law>
- Developer Sues Millbrae Over Proposed Housing at Historic El Rancho Inn <https://sanfrancisco.cbslocal.com/2021/06/03/developer-sues-millbrae-over-proposed-housing-at-historic-el-rancho-inn/>

Third parties can sue:

- Controversial Vallco project can continue under SB 35, judge rules <https://sanjosespotlight.com/controversial-vallco-project-can-continue-under-sb-35-judge-rules/>
- City of Coronado sued over failing to comply with state law allowing expedited approval for accessory dwelling units <https://www.sandiegouniontribune.com/business/story/2021-01-21/coronado-sued-over-allegedly-denying-granny-flats>
- Los Altos drops appeal to court-approved housing development <https://www.mv-voice.com/news/2020/09/08/los-altos-drops-appeal-to-block-five-story-downtown-housing-project>
- City takes step that could expand housing on the Westside <https://www.sfpublicpress.org/city-takes-step-that-could-expand-housing-on-the-westside/>
- Court upholds state's authority to intervene in San Mateo housing development <https://web.archive.org/web/20210914225205/https://www.mercurynews.com/2021/09/14/this-san-mateo-legal-ruling-has-big-implications-for-the-state-housing-crisis/>

Individuals can sue:

- Clovis loses legal challenge, will be forced to zone and plan for low-income housing <https://www.fresnobee.com/news/local/article251227789.html>



Association of Bay Area Governments



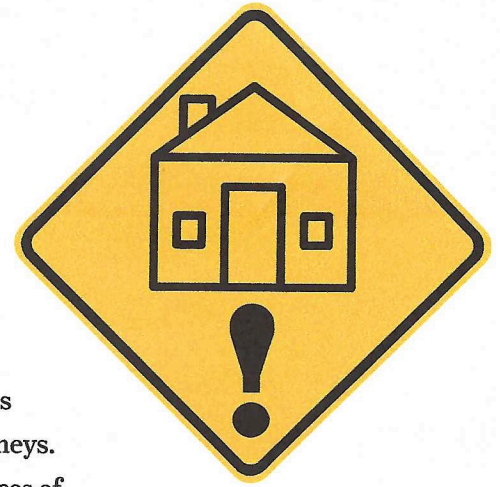
Technical Assistance
for Local Planning
HOUSING

Conversely, an HCD-certified housing element brings with it eligibility for numerous state and regional funding sources, including:

- Permanent Local Housing Allocation
- Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Grants
- SB 1 Planning Grants
- CalHOME Program Grants
- Infill Infrastructure Grants
- Pro-Housing Design funding
- Local Housing Trust Funds
- Regional Transportation Funds (such as MTC's OneBayArea Grants)

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New State Housing Unit Set to Enforce Local Housing Mandates



“A housing element is no longer a paper exercise – it’s a contract with the state of housing commitments for eight years, and the Housing Accountability Unit will hold jurisdictions to those commitments,” said Megan Kirkeby, deputy director for housing policy, California Housing and Community Development department in an October 2021 press release.

Local governments have much to lose if they fail to bring their housing elements into compliance with state requirements. With a staff of 25 in its new Housing Accountability Unit, California’s Housing and Community Development (HCD) department is resourced and ready to enforce state mandates on local housing plans and policies. In April 2021 guidance to cities and counties, HCD stated that it is authorized to “review any action or failure to act by a local government (that it finds) inconsistent with an adopted housing element or housing element law. This includes failure to implement program actions included in the housing element. HCD may revoke housing element compliance if the local government’s actions do not comply with state law.” Noncompliant housing elements could also impact local general plans, as they are a required part of these foundational blueprints for land use planning. Localities that fail to comply are subject to a range of penalties, including:

Legal Suits and Attorney Fees: Local governments with noncompliant housing elements are vulnerable to litigation from housing rights’ organization, developers, and HCD. If a jurisdiction faces a court action stemming from its lack of compliance and either loses or settles the case, it often must pay substantial attorney fees to the plaintiff’s attorneys

in addition to the fees paid to its own attorneys. Potential consequences of lawsuits include: mandatory compliance within 120 days, suspension of local control on building matters, and court approval of housing developments.

Loss of Permitting Authority: Courts have authority to oversee local government residential and nonresidential permit processes to bring the jurisdiction’s General Plan and housing element into substantial compliance with state law. The court may suspend the locality’s authority to issue building permits or grant zoning changes, variances, or subdivision map approvals – giving local governments a strong incentive to bring their housing element into compliance.

Financial Penalties: Local governments are subject to court-issued judgments directing jurisdictions to bring a housing element into substantial compliance with state housing element law. If a jurisdiction’s housing element continues to be found out of compliance, courts can fine jurisdictions up to \$100,000 per month, and if they are not paid, multiply that by a factor of six.

Court Receivership: Courts may appoint an agent with all powers necessary to remedy identified housing element deficiencies and bring the jurisdiction’s housing element into substantial compliance with housing element law.

Streamlined Ministerial Approval Process: Proposed developments in localities that have not yet made sufficient progress towards their allocation of the regional housing need are now subject to less rigorous “ministerial” approvals in order to hasten the production of housing and bring a jurisdiction into compliance with its state-determined housing need allocation.

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